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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/882,616		06/15/2001	Alexander Paritsky	082853000000US	8466
20350	7590	12/17/2004		EXAM	INER
TOWNSE	ND AND	TOWNSEND AN	AL AUBAID	AL AUBAIDI, RASHA S	
TWO EMBA		RO CENTER		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SAN FRAN	CISCO, O	CA 94111-3834		2642	

DATE MAILED: 12/17/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/882,616	PARITSKY ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Rasha S AL-Aubaidi	2642				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication a	ppears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replayed for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statically received by the Office later than three months after the mailed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	1.  1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tineply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ute, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed  /s will be considered timely.  the mailing date of this communication.  ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status		•					
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15	June 2001.					
2a) <u></u> □	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ Th	nis action is non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1 and 2 is/are pending in the applic 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdred Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1 and 2 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.					
Applicati	ion Papers						
	The specification is objected to by the Exami						
10)🛛	)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>15 June 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	*	•				
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the		•				
Priority u	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure See the attached detailed Office action for a light	nts have been received.  nts have been received in Applicati  iority documents have been receive  eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
Attachmen							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) 🔲 Inform	r No(s)/Mail Date	_	Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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## DETAILED ACTION

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 2. Claim 1 recites the limitation "wherein the above microphone is an optical microphone" on line 5. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 3. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

On page 13, the language "stick to a face" is indefinite (in claim 1, line 2 and claim 2, line 2). Also, "the above microphone" as recited (in claim 1, line 5 and claim 2, line 6) should be –said microphone--. Similarly, "left away" is unclear (in claim 1, line 3 and claim 2, line 3).

#### **Double Patenting**

4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees.

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See In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130 (b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

5. Claims 1-2 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of U.S. Patent 6,459,798 in view of Bowen et al (US PAT # 5,224,151).

Regarding claims 1-2 in this application, claim 1 in the '798 patent recites a device that collects a sound by changing directive of microphone according to an environment in which the sound is located. Claim 1 in the '798 patent also recites the above microphone is an optical microphone that comprises a diaphragm to vibrate by the sound pressure; an illuminant to irradiate an optical beam to the above diaphragm; a photodetector which receives a reflection light of the light beam irradiated in the diaphragm and which outputs a signal which copes with the oscillation of the diaphragm; an illuminant drive circuit to drive the illuminant to supply predetermined electric current; and a negative feedback circuit that supplies the signal outputted by the optical detector to the illuminant drive circuit as a negative feedback signal.

Claim 1 in the `798 patent does not recite a hand-held telephone device used in a first use state in which the telephone device "is stick to a face of a speaking person" and a second use state in which the telephone device "is left away" from the face, comprising a sensor, which detects the distance from the face. Claim 1 in the `798 patent, fails to recite that the directional characteristics of the above optical microphone are controlled by varying the negative feedback signal according to the sensor signal that shows the distance between the face and the microphone.

However, Bowen teaches a personal communicator handset that is designed to operate as both a handset and as a speakerphone. The device automatically switches between the two modes based on the distance between the handset and the user's ear (see abstract and summary of the invention).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the feature of using a device that switches mode by detecting the distance from the user's ear, as taught by Bowen, into claim 1 in the `798 patent, in order to minimize the loss of an audio signal, which at the end provides the user with better quality of sound.

#### Conclusion

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5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Buchholz (US PAT # 5,262,884) teaches an optical microphone includes a vibrating membrane defining a diaphragm for receiving acoustic signals (see abstract).

Shnier (US PAT # 6,590,661) teaches a method for remotely sensing sound waves in an optically transparent or semitransparent medium through detecting changes in the optical properties of medium (see abstract).

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rasha S AL-Aubaidi whose telephone number is (703) 605-5145. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:30 am to 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ahmad F Matar, can be reached on 305-4731. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-

free).

Examiner

Rasha S. Al-Aubaidi

11/29/2004

AHMAD F. MATAR
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2700